The First Five-thousand Forms of Figurative Language

1. Alliteration

The repetition of an initial consonant sound.

2. Hyperbole

An extravagant statement; the use of exaggerated terms for the purpose of emphasis or heightened effect.

3. Idiom

an <u>expression</u> whose meaning is not predictable from the usual meanings of its constituent elements, as *kick the bucket* or *hang one's head*, or from the general grammatical rules of a <u>language</u>

4. **Imagery**

language that causes people to imagine pictures in their mind; figurative language

Irony

The use of words to convey the opposite of their literal meaning. A statement or situation where the meaning is contradicted by the appearance or presentation of the idea.

6. Metaphor

An implied comparison between two unlike things that actually have something important in common.

7. Onomatopoeia

The use of words that imitate the sounds associated with the objects or actions they refer to.

8. Oxymoron

A figure of speech in which incongruous or contradictory terms appear side by side.

9. **Personification**

A figure of speech in which an inanimate object or abstraction is endowed with human qualities or abilities.

10. **Pun**

A play on words, sometimes on different senses of the same word and sometimes on the similar sense or sound of different words.

11. Simile

A stated comparison (usually formed with "like" or "as") between two fundamentally dissimilar things that have certain qualities in common.

Additional figures of speech:

1. Allusion

an implied or indirect reference especially in literature.

2. cliché

a phrase or expression that has been used so often that it is no longer original or interesting; something that is so commonly used in books, stories, etc., that it is no longer effective

3. Euphemism

The substitution of an inoffensive term for one considered offensively explicit.

4. Paradox

A statement that appears to contradict itself.

5. **Understatement**

A figure of speech in which a writer or speaker deliberately makes a situation seem less important or serious than it is.